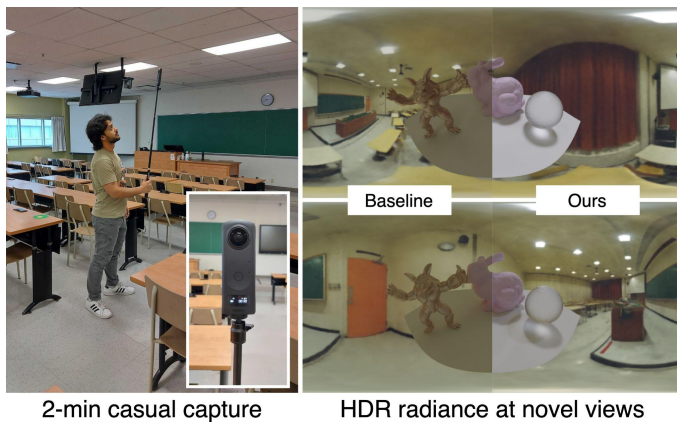


INTRODUCTION

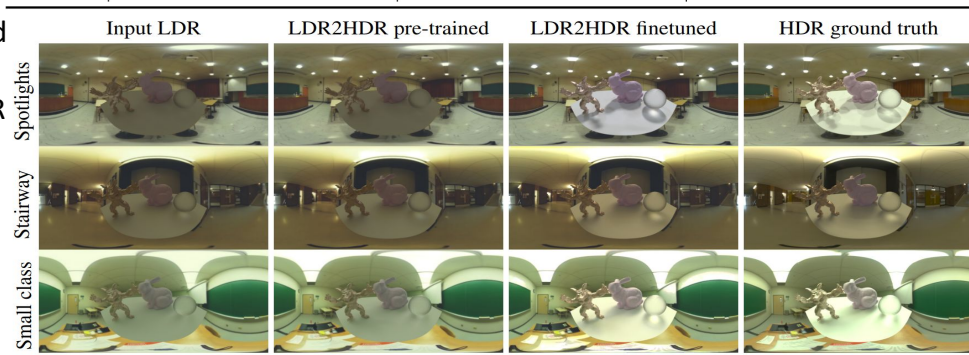
- Capturing radiance of a scene crucial for AR/VR apps
- Need special equipment to capture HDR images and takes lot of time
- Predict HDR light probes at novel locations from casually captured LDR panoramas.



LDR2HDR MODULE

- LNet architecture trained on Laval Indoor Dataset
- Domain Gap cause diff. sensor for train and captured data
- Finetuned on 78 HDR captured panoramas
- Relight a small scene with HDR lightprobes and take MSE loss on rendered image

Dataset	Input LDR			LDR2HDR pre-trained			LDR2HDR finetuned		
	PU-PSNR↑	RMSE↓	HDR-VDP3↑	PU-PSNR↑	RMSE↓	HDR-VDP3↑	PU-PSNR↑	RMSE↓	HDR-VDP3↑
Chess room	31.659	0.051	8.067	33.994	0.048	8.234	36.995	0.005	8.492
Stairway	31.964	0.224	7.881	33.297	0.213	8.016	33.685	0.019	8.489
Cafeteria	25.299	5.378	6.098	26.664	5.268	6.418	28.499	4.061	7.164
Spotlights	23.939	3.489	6.001	25.118	3.438	6.097	28.966	0.877	7.667
Dark class	30.657	0.364	7.429	32.125	0.340	7.592	32.594	0.262	8.135
Small class	32.353	2.162	8.018	34.095	1.889	8.267	35.465	0.221	8.678
Overall	28.399	1.703	7.243	30.913	1.634	7.406	33.651	0.696	8.209

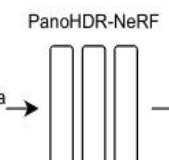


PREPROCESS

- Capture LDR panoramas using Rico ThetaZ
- Generate masks and remove subject
- Estimate camera poses using OpenSfM



LDR2HDR network



Training

TRAIN

- Estimate HDR panoramas using LDR2HDR module
- Train PanoHDR-NeRF module to predict HDR panoramas at novel viewpoints

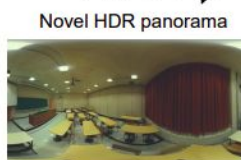


INFER

- For a novel camera viewpoint, infer HDR lightprobes

Trained PanoHDR-NeRF

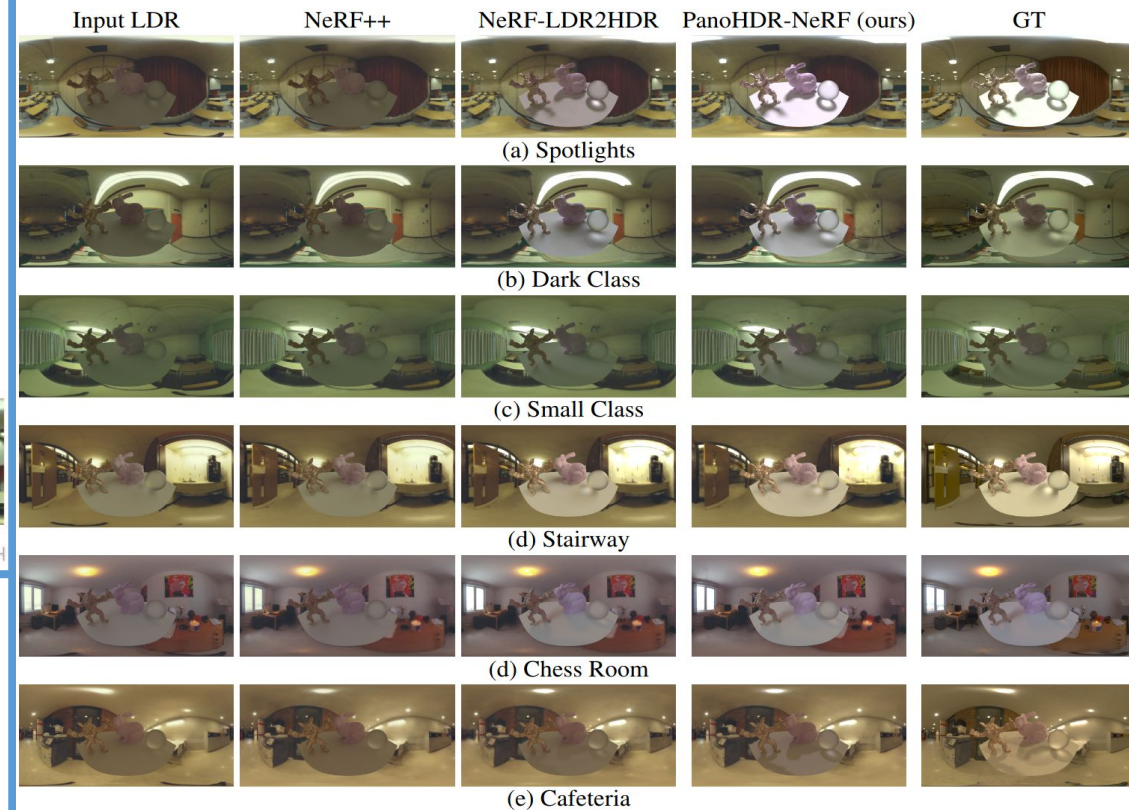
Novel Camera Pose



Inference

RESULTS - Virtual Test Object Relit Shows Dynamic Range

- Comparison with other baselines and methods.
- NeRF++ cant predict HDR Radiance. NeRF-LDR2HDR has flickering artifacts.



PanoHDR-NeRF

- Scene as a HDR Radiance Field. Predict radiance and density
- Decompose into foreground and background
- Spherical sampling for omnidirectional images
- NeRF loss between predicted log radiance \hat{E} and GT log radiance E for set of all rays poses $\mathcal{R}(\mathbf{P})$. Training in log space is more stable.

$$\ell_{\text{nerf}} = \sum_{r \in \mathcal{R}(\mathbf{P})} \|\hat{E}(\mathbf{r}) - E(\mathbf{r})\|^2$$

Dataset	Linear loss		PanoHDR-NeRF		NeRF-LDR2HDR	
	PU-PSNR↑	RMSE↓	PU-PSNR↑	RMSE↓	PU-PSNR↑	RMSE↓
Chess room	35.152	0.011	36.941	0.012	35.991	0.006
Stairway	31.810	0.055	33.169	0.056	32.707	0.055
Cafeteria	24.139	4.376	28.029	4.179	26.537	5.298
Spotlights	26.719	0.909	28.657	0.431	27.324	1.619
Dark class	28.431	1.367	30.687	1.509	29.819	0.621
Small class	36.829	0.043	37.687	0.054	38.529	0.006
Overall	29.725	1.071	32.528	1.038	31.650	1.301