



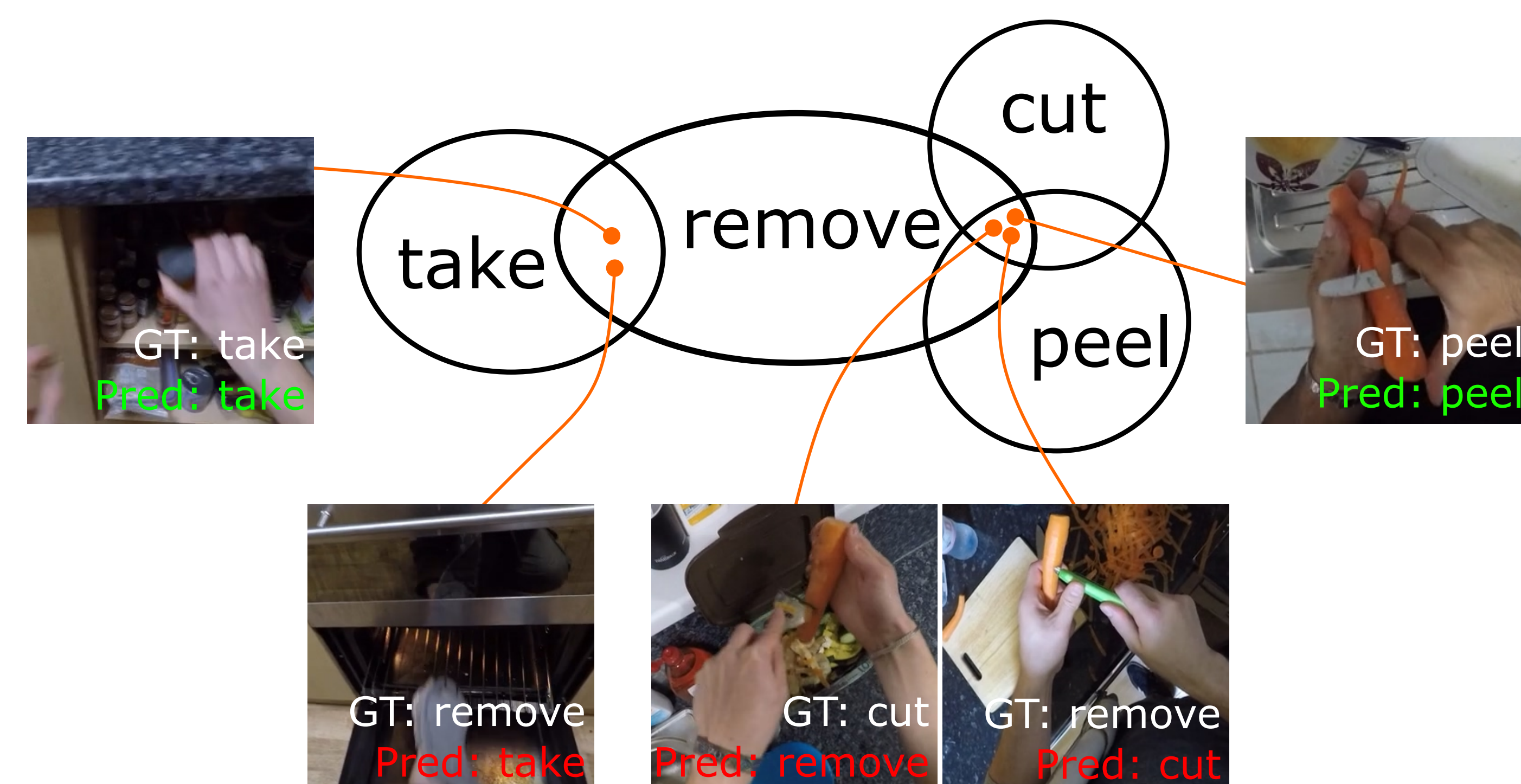
An Action Is Worth Multiple Words: Handling Ambiguity in Action Recognition

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Can You Define an Action with One Verb?



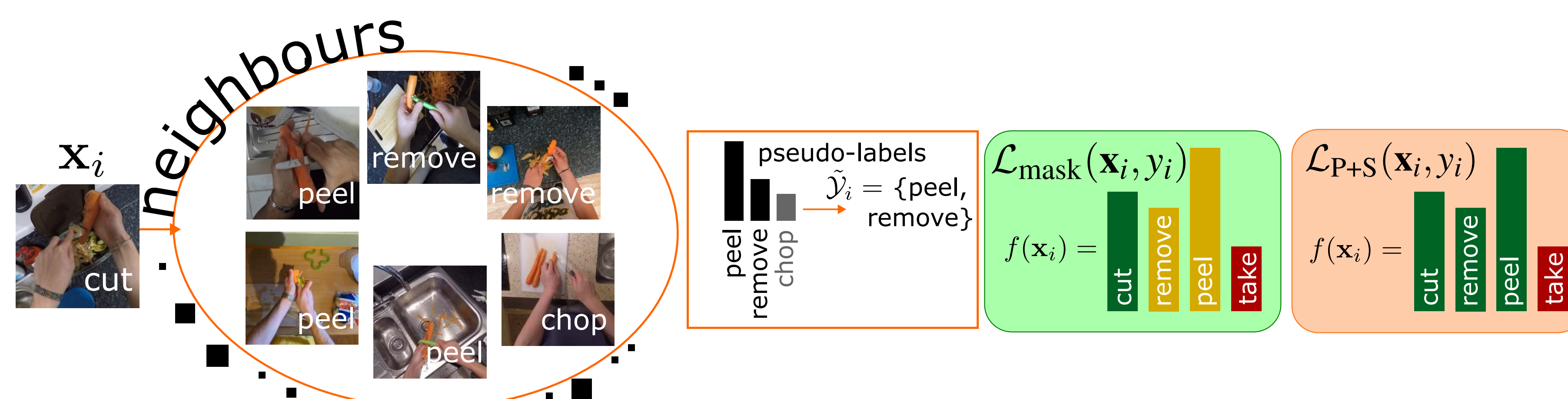
- In comparison to nouns, annotators typically lack a consensus as to what constitutes an action.
- As a result, we often see interchangeable labels in action datasets. More than one label can be true.
- This leads to issues in training and testing.

Single Positive Multi-label Learning!

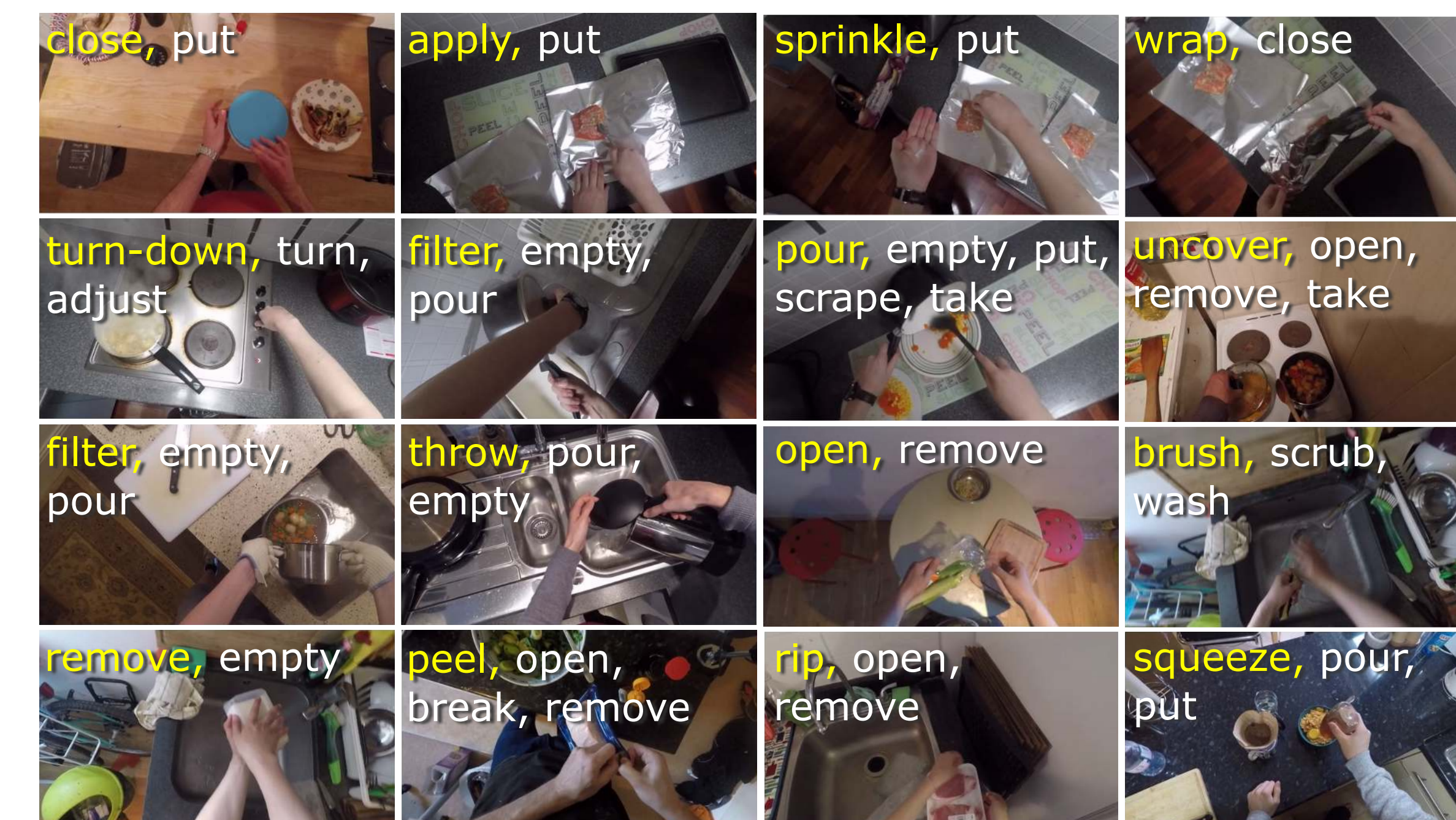
We try to disambiguate the confusing label space by generating pseudo-labels from visually similar instances that are labelled differently.

OURS

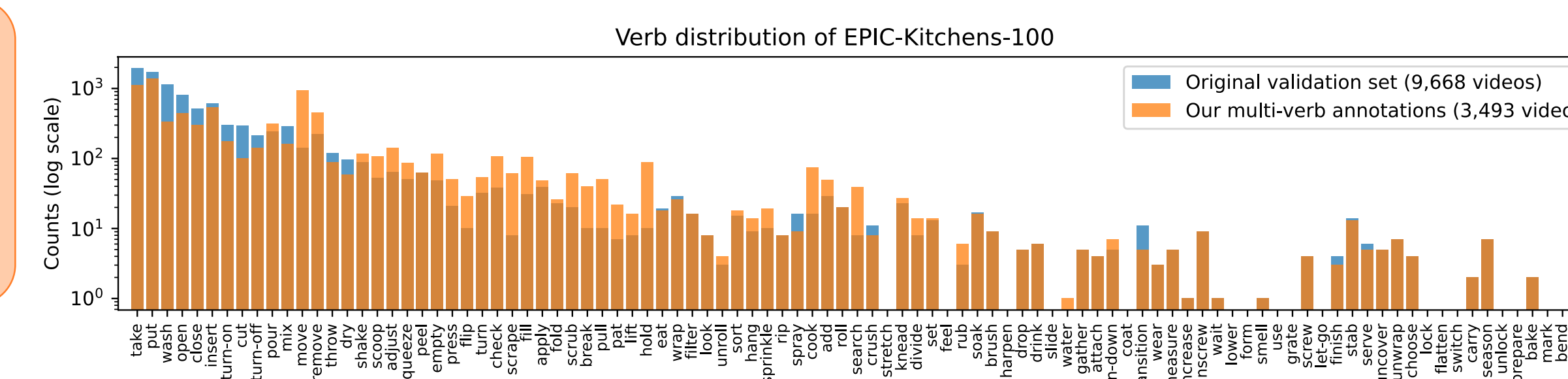
$$\mathcal{L}_{AN}(\mathbf{x}_i, y_i) = -\frac{1}{C} \sum_{c=1}^C \left[\mathbb{1}_{[y_i=c]} \log(f^{(c)}(\mathbf{x}_i)) + \mathbb{1}_{[y_i \neq c]} \log(1 - f^{(c)}(\mathbf{x}_i)) \right]$$
$$\mathcal{L}_{mask}(\mathbf{x}_i, y_i) = -\frac{1}{C - |\tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_i|} \sum_{\substack{c=1 \\ c \notin \tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_i}}^C \left[\mathbb{1}_{[y_i=c]} \log(f^{(c)}(\mathbf{x}_i)) + \mathbb{1}_{[y_i \neq c]} \log(1 - f^{(c)}(\mathbf{x}_i)) \right]$$
$$\mathcal{L}_{P+S}(\mathbf{x}_i, y_i) = -\frac{1}{C} \sum_{c=1}^C \left[\mathbb{1}_{[y_i=c]} \log(f^{(c)}(\mathbf{x}_i)) + \mathbb{1}_{[c \in \tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_i]} \log(f^{(c)}(\mathbf{x}_i)) + \mathbb{1}_{[y_i \neq c]} \mathbb{1}_{[c \notin \tilde{\mathcal{Y}}_i]} \log(1 - f^{(c)}(\mathbf{x}_i)) \right]$$



EPIC-Kitchens-100-SPMV (Our test set annotations)



- ~40% of the official validation set
- 3,493 videos
- 2.4 labels per video on average
- 3 annotators per video



Experiment Results

Dataset	Loss	Top-set ML	Top-1 ML	IOU Acc.	F1	mAP
EPIC-Kitchens-100-SPMV	AN	43.7 ± 0.5	51.0 ± 0.4	11.2 ± 0.4	15.0 ± 0.6	22.8 ± 1.8
	WAN	44.8 ± 0.3	52.5 ± 0.6	15.2 ± 5.0	24.6 ± 6.6	26.3 ± 1.3
	LS	43.7 ± 0.9	51.8 ± 0.7	9.6 ± 0.4	12.9 ± 0.6	24.4 ± 1.5
	N-LS	43.4 ± 0.6	50.7 ± 0.4	11.0 ± 0.4	14.8 ± 0.5	22.1 ± 0.8
	Focal	43.3 ± 0.6	51.5 ± 0.3	5.7 ± 0.2	7.8 ± 0.2	23.9 ± 0.6
	EM	44.7 ± 0.4	52.9 ± 0.3	4.1 ± 0.0	7.8 ± 0.0	25.1 ± 1.0
	Mask (ours)	<u>46.6 ± 0.2</u>	<u>55.2 ± 0.4</u>	<u>27.8 ± 0.4</u>	<u>36.9 ± 0.4</u>	<u>25.9 ± 0.8</u>
	P+S (ours)	46.9 ± 0.1	56.0 ± 0.6	33.5 ± 0.2	44.9 ± 0.3	25.8 ± 0.8
Confusing-HMDB-102	AN	32.0 ± 1.6	38.5 ± 2.0	18.9 ± 1.6	24.8 ± 1.6	20.6 ± 3.8
	WAN	36.8 ± 0.7	40.7 ± 0.6	4.1 ± 0.1	7.9 ± 0.1	32.0 ± 1.4
	LS	32.4 ± 2.3	38.8 ± 1.8	19.3 ± 2.3	24.9 ± 2.3	19.7 ± 3.8
	N-LS	32.2 ± 1.3	38.8 ± 1.7	19.3 ± 1.7	25.3 ± 1.8	20.1 ± 3.7
	Focal	31.6 ± 1.9	38.0 ± 2.0	13.0 ± 0.8	17.6 ± 0.7	14.8 ± 3.8
	EM	31.9 ± 0.6	37.4 ± 0.9	3.2 ± 0.0	6.2 ± 0.1	18.6 ± 3.1
	Mask (ours)	<u>41.8 ± 1.1</u>	<u>43.3 ± 0.9</u>	30.8 ± 2.5	36.3 ± 2.7	<u>40.3 ± 2.2</u>
	P+S (ours)	41.9 ± 0.9	43.4 ± 0.5	<u>29.9 ± 2.2</u>	<u>35.9 ± 2.0</u>	40.7 ± 2.0

Class-level pseudo label (†) fails and we need instance-level pseudo labels.

Dataset	Loss	Top-set ML	Top-1 ML	IOU Acc.	F1	mAP
EPIC-Kitchens-100-SPMV	Mask	<u>46.6 ± 0.2</u>	<u>55.2 ± 0.4</u>	<u>27.8 ± 0.4</u>	<u>36.9 ± 0.4</u>	25.9 ± 0.8
	Mask†	37.8 ± 1.3	48.4 ± 1.0	18.1 ± 0.4	23.7 ± 0.4	21.7 ± 0.9
	P+S	46.9 ± 0.1	56.0 ± 0.6	33.5 ± 0.2	44.9 ± 0.3	<u>25.8 ± 0.8</u>
	P+S†	23.0 ± 0.4	28.0 ± 0.5	12.4 ± 0.4	18.0 ± 0.6	20.8 ± 1.3
	Mask*	41.8 ± 1.1	43.3 ± 0.9	<u>30.8 ± 2.5</u>	36.3 ± 2.7	<u>40.3 ± 2.2</u>
Confusing-HMDB-102	Mask*	<u>42.6 ± 2.2</u>	<u>43.8 ± 2.3</u>	30.4 ± 2.3	34.2 ± 2.4	37.4 ± 3.6
	P+S	41.9 ± 0.9	43.4 ± 0.5	29.9 ± 2.2	<u>35.9 ± 2.0</u>	40.7 ± 2.0
	P+S*	43.2 ± 1.8	44.3 ± 2.1	31.4 ± 2.5	35.9 ± 2.1	39.1 ± 3.1

Perfect pseudo label (*) gives minor performance improvement.

