

Neighbor Regularized Bayesian Optimization for Hyperparameter Optimization

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Bayesian Optimization (BO) is a common solution to search optimal hyperparameters based on sample observations of a machine learning model. **Existing BO algorithms could converge slowly even collapse when the potential observation noise misdirects the optimization.**

In this paper, we propose a novel BO hyperparameter optimization algorithm called **Neighbor Regularized Bayesian Optimization** (NRBO):

- We propose a neighbor-based regularization to smooth each sample observation, which could reduce the observation noise efficiently without any extra training cost.
- We further design a density-based acquisition function to adjust the acquisition reward and obtain more stable statistics.
- We design a adjustment mechanism to ensure the framework maintains a reasonable regularization strength and density reward conditioned on remaining computation resources.



Fitting surrogate model on the same dataset with different noise level. From left to right: Gradually increased noise level ε , from 0 to 0.8. Top row: A typical collapse case of Bayesian optimization with Gaussian process. Bottom row: Neighbor regularized Bayesian optimization.



- In observation stage, neighbor regularized mechanism is introduced to smooth the observation noise and release the burden of repetitive observation.
- In acquisition stage, we propose a density-based acquisition function to accelerate the acquisition process, in which adjacent sample points in the neighbor are considered.

Method	MLP_digits	s RF_breast	SVM_digits	SVM_wine	ada_breast	ada_digits	linear_breast	Avgscore	Avgnorm
Random	98.63	92.07	94.95	81.19	93.75	69.26	89.27	90.93	1.07
Hyperopt	100.29	96.50	96.87	88.72	98.96	73.87	92.85	96.53	0.411
Opentuner	100.76	92.07	98.43	92.61	98.96	100.21	94.39	93.16	0.81
Nevergrad	100.11	98.83	100.07	70.30	98.96	76.09	94.55	93.95	0.72
Pysot	101.13	95.34	97.56	99.87	95.83	96.55	97.80	98.34	0.20
Skopt	100.08	98.60	96.86	96.24	93.75	76.79	89.88	96.23	0.45
Turbo	101.10	96.74	98.53	100	95.83	91.45	97.56	98.28	0.20
HEBO	101.38	97.67	101.70	96.24	98.96	112.88	95.82	99.94	0.01
NRBO	101.49	100.00	103.53	103.63	100.00	113.01	101.01	100.34	-0.04

The performance of 9 optimizers on bayesmark benchmark

Method	ImageNet	VOC	CIFAR10	CIFAR100	Stanford Car	COCO
Random	62.00	75.02	95.28	81.96	87.09	31.56
HEBO	62.0/(+0.0/)	74.88(-0.14)	95.35(+0.07)	81.91(-0.05)	87.56(+0.47)	32.34(+0.78)
NRBO	62.22(+0.22)	77.12(+2.10)	95.43(+0.15)	82.16(+0.20)	87.94(+0.85)	33.92(+1.36)

Experiment results on popular computer vision tasks.

Exp. Index	Task	Random	HEBO	NRBO	Exp. Index	Task	Random	HEBO	NRBO
1	proxy full	67.268 68.324	65.808 67.660	66.490 68.362	1	proxy full	32.283 34.549	32.070 34.438	34.853 36.952
2	proxy full	65.644 67.858	67.258 68.642	66.972 68.562	2	proxy full	32.085 33.773	32.334 34.609	33.231 35.634
3	proxy full	66.290 67.668	66.908 68.494	67.058 68.446	3	proxy full	31.705 34.123	33.571 35.997	34.410 36.199
4	proxy full	66.916 68.638	66.116 67.848	67.020 68.606	4	proxy full	30.147 32.487	31.395 33.585	33.222 35.307
Avg.	proxy full	66.530 68.122	66.523 68.161	66.885 68.494	Avg.	proxy full	31.555 33.733	32.343 34.657	33.929 36.023

(Left) Proxy task and full-training task results on ImageNet. (Right) Proxy task and full-training task results on COCO.

The hyperparameter searched by NRBO on proxy task still take the lead when transferred to full training tasks.