

Integrating Transient and Long-term Physical States for Depression Intelligent Diagnosis

Ke Wu, Han Jiang, Li Kuang, Yixuan Wang, Huaiqian Ye, Yuanbo He

Introduction

KeyWords:

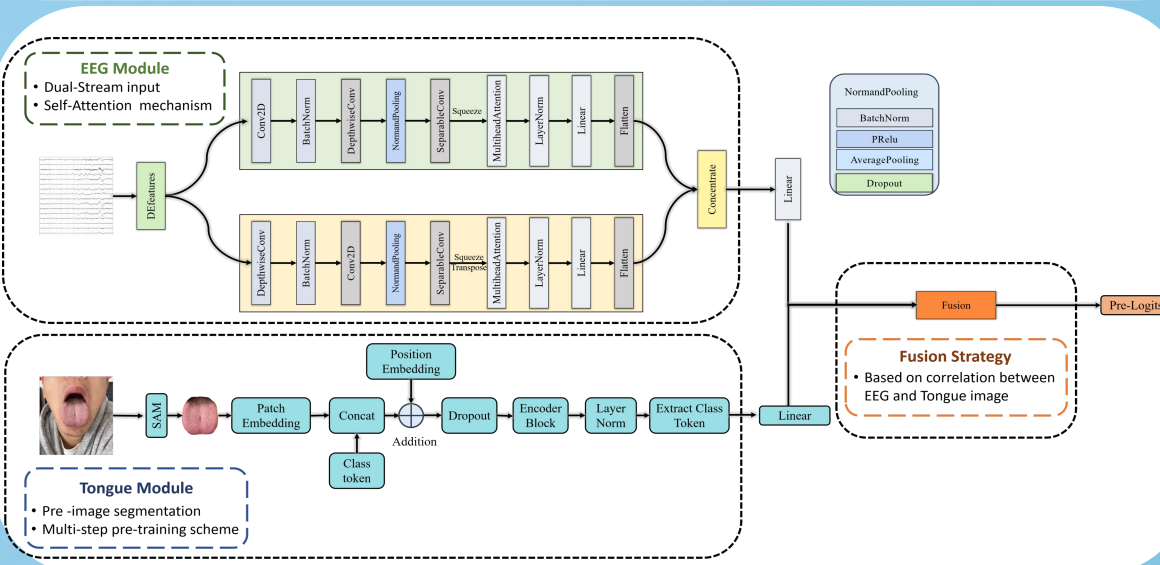
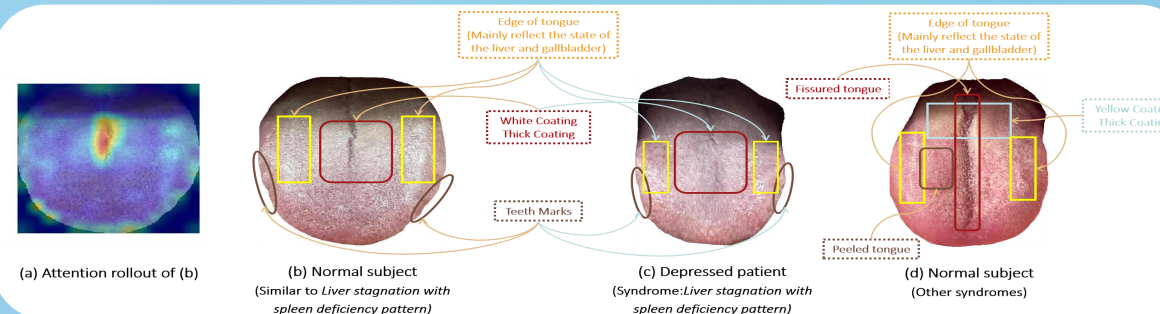
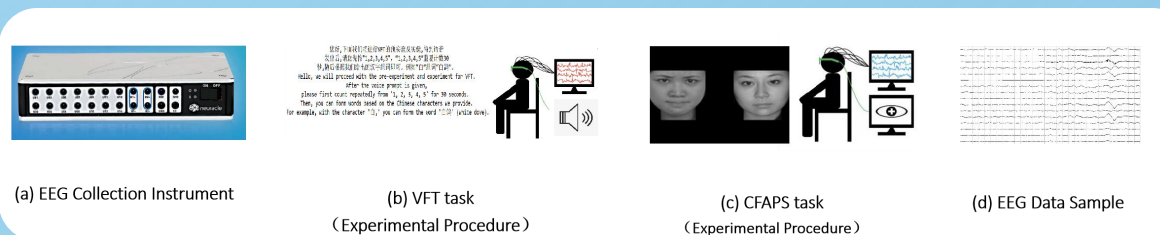
*EEG, Tongue, MultiModal
Traditional Chinese Medicine*

Motivaitons:

- 1. *Traditional Depression Diagnosis: Subjective and Scale-Based Approaches*
- 2. *Unimodal EEG Diagnosis: Lacks Long-term Analysis*
- 3. *TCM Tongue Observation: Awaiting Intelligent Diagnostic Methods*

Contributions

- 1. *Comprehensive Multimodal Diagnosis Using EEG and Tongue Images*
- 2. *New Architecture for EEG Spatio-temporal feature extraction*
- 3. *New Methods for TCM Intelligent Diagnosis Based on Tongue Images*



Results

EEG: SOTA on MODMA
Tongue: First Depression-related Work
Fusion: Correlation Validation and Acc Improvement

Table 4: Comparison on MODMA

Model	MODMA Acc
Trans_EEGNet	99.05% ± 1.26%
MPA[27]	92.73%(LOSO)
mKTACHSel[30]	89.97%(LOSO)
GRL[31]	88.88%(10fold)
CNN-GRU-ATTN[41]	99.33%(9-split)
TPTLP[34]	83.96%(LOSO)100%(10fold)
SparNet[6]	94.37%(LOSO)

Table 6: Results of Multi-modal Module

Fusion Method	Private Acc
Parallel Channel	92.72% ± 6.16%
DCCA	85.45% ± 1.81%
Concat	98.18% ± 3.63%
Bilinear Pooling	97.27% ± 3.63%

An overview of MMTV which consists of three modules:

- 1) *EEG module with Trans_EEGNet featuring the dual-stream input and self-attention mechanism.*
- 2) *Tongue module with multi-step pre-training method (loading pretrained weight on ImageNet, training with unpaired tongue images)*
- 3) *Fusion module with best result selected from results of methods such as concat, DCCA et.al.*