# Learning Disentangled Representations for Environment Inference in Out-ofdistribution Generalization

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## Problem

- •Out-of-distribution (OoD) generalization: Machine learning models may suffer from a sharp drop under a distributional shift.
- Invariant Risk Minimization (IRM): Learn a stable correlation across multiple training environments.
- •Challenges:
- > Extra Environment Labels: IRM requires predefined environment labels, which are not easily accessible.
- > Improper Reference Model: spurious features are employed to split datasets, but the quality of spurious features captured by the reference model is insufficient.
- Our Contributions:

- Verifying that ERM-based methods cannot acquire sufficient spurious features.
- VAE-based method as a reference model to learn disentangled spurious representations.



## **Proposed Method**

## Observations

spurious features captured by ERM are insufficient by the two metric:

- Spurious Feature Score
- Invariant Penalty

### •Learning Disentangled Representations

Reference model	IP↑	SFS↑	Acc(%)↑
ERM	0.0007	0.32	18.8
Ours	0.1052	0.75	63.8
w/ EnvLabels	0.0025	1.00	57.3

The classifier head only takes spurious features as input and the VAE decoder takes both spurious features and residual features as input.

$$ELBO(\phi, \theta, x) = \mathbb{E}_{z \sim q_{\phi}} \left[ log \frac{p_{\theta}(x, z)}{q_{\phi}(z|x)} \right] \qquad \qquad \mathcal{L}(\phi, \theta, \varphi) = -\sum_{(x, y) \in \mathcal{D}_{tr}} ELBO(\phi, \theta, x) + \lambda \cdot log \, p_{\phi, \varphi}(y|x)$$

# Experiments

### Comparison with Existing Methods



### Robustness on label noise

## Disentangled **Representations Analysis**



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